### **CALIFORNIA**

### CANCER BURDEN

# In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that

- 1,368,030 new cancer cases will be diagnosed in the United States, including 134,300 in California.
- 563,700 cancer deaths will occur in the United States, including 55,340 in California.

The average annual age-adjusted death rate for cancer per 100,000 persons<sup>2</sup>

California: 183.7 National: 199.8

### **LUNG CANCER**

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that<sup>1</sup>

- 15,650 new cases of lung cancer will be diagnosed among men and women in California.
- 14,450 men and women will die of lung cancer in California.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

# The average annual age-adjusted death rates for lung cancer per 100,000 persons, by race, 1997–2001<sup>2,3</sup>

	California	National
Overall	48.2	56.2
White	49.6	56.2
Black	64.3	65.2
Hispanic	22.9	24.9
Asian/Pacific Islander	30.3	28.2
American Indian/Alaska Nativo	e 24.4	36.3

#### **BREAST CANCER**

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that<sup>1</sup>

- 21,860 new cases of breast cancer will be diagnosed among women in California.
- 4,060 women will die of breast cancer in California.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

# The average annual age-adjusted death rates for breast cancer per 100,000 persons, by race, 1997–2001<sup>2,3</sup>

	California	National
Overall	25.7	27.0
White	26.7	26.4
Black	34.2	35.4
Hispanic	16.3	17.2
Asian/Pacific Islander	13.7	12.6
American Indian/Alaska Nativ	e 9.8	13.6

Visit http://www.cdc.gov/cancer/npcr/index.htm — *United States Cancer Statistics* — for more information on top cancer sites by geographic area, race, and gender.

### **COLORECTAL CANCER**

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that1

- 13,880 new cases of colorectal cancer will be diagnosed among men and women in California.
- 5,360 men and women will die of colorectal cancer in California.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

# The average annual age-adjusted death rates for colorectal cancer per 100,000 persons, by race, 1997–2001<sup>2,3</sup>

	California	National
Overall	18.1	20.8
White	18.1	20.3
Black	26.7	28.3
Hispanic	12.4	14.2
Asian/Pacific Islander	13.7	13.0
American Indian/Alaska Nativ	e 6.8	13.9

#### **PROSTATE CANCER**

In 2004, the American Cancer Society estimates that<sup>1</sup>

- 23,160 new cases of prostate cancer will be diagnosed among men in California.
- 3,010 men will die of prostate cancer in California.

The CDC National Center for Health Statistics provides the following death rates:

# The average annual age-adjusted death rates for prostate cancer per 100,000 men, by race, 1997–2001<sup>2,3</sup>

	California	National
Overall	28.0	31.5
White	28.0	28.8
Black	61.4	70.4
Hispanic	22.4	23.6
Asian/Pacific Islander	12.2	13.0
American Indian/Alaska Nativ	e 13.3	20.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: American Cancer Society Facts and Figures, 2004. Estimates exclude more than a million cases of basal and squamous cell skin cancers and *in situ* cancers, except urinary bladder, that will be diagnosed in 2004. Lung cancer rates include bronchus cancer. State death totals were rounded to nearest 10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) National Center for Health Statistics, vital statistics data, underlying cause of death, 1997–2001. Death rates are per 100,000 and are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hyphens represent suppression of rates when there were 75,000 or fewer persons in the denominator or 20 or fewer deaths in the numerator.